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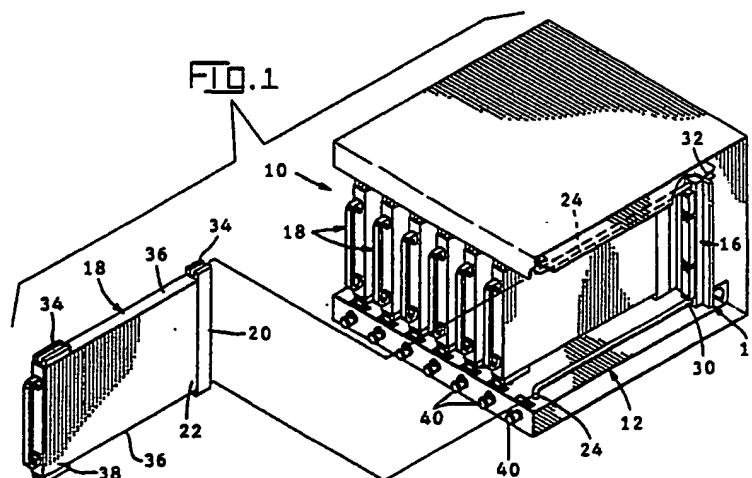
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(54) **Alignment system for line replaceable modules**

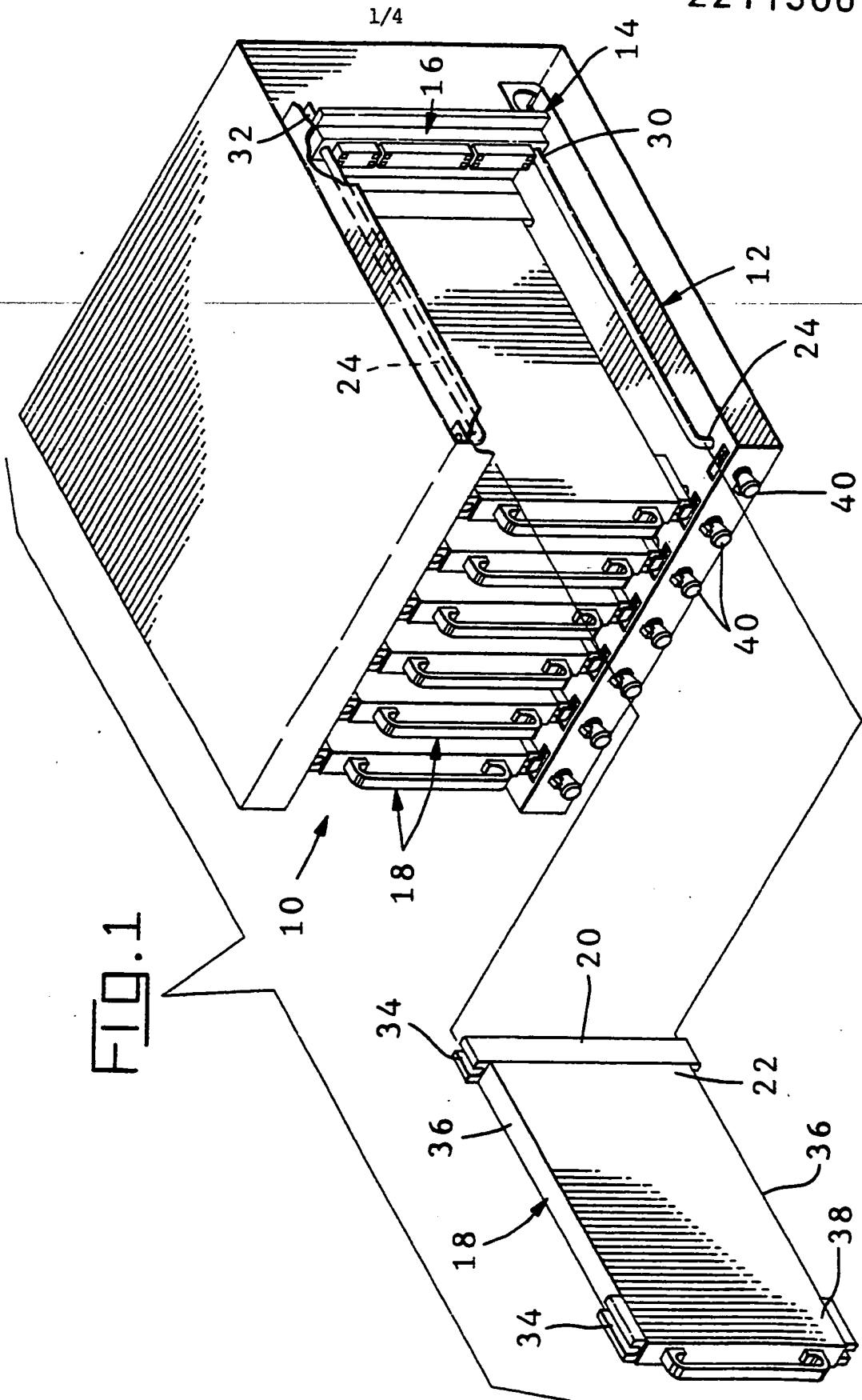
(57) A pair of track members (24) is fastened to a framework (12) of a black box (10) forwardly of each mother board connector (16) of an array thereof mounted on the mother board (14) of the black box (10). The track members (24) extend forwardly in parallel from end flanges of the connector (16) to leading ends fastened to the black box framework (12) at the LRM-receiving front aperture, so that an LRM (18) placed between the pair of tracks (24) is movable to the mother board connector (16) for mating of the LRM connector (20) therewith. The trailing ends (30) of the track members (24) extend through precisely located holes through the end flanges of the mother board connector (16) and through the mother board (14) after which the end portions (30) are fastened to frame members (32) behind the mother board (14). The track members (24) can be hollow enabling fluid to be circulated therethrough to dissipate heat from the LRM (18). The track members (24) can constitute the means to fasten the mother board connector (16) to the mother board (14), and also the mother board (14) to the framework (12) of the black box (10).



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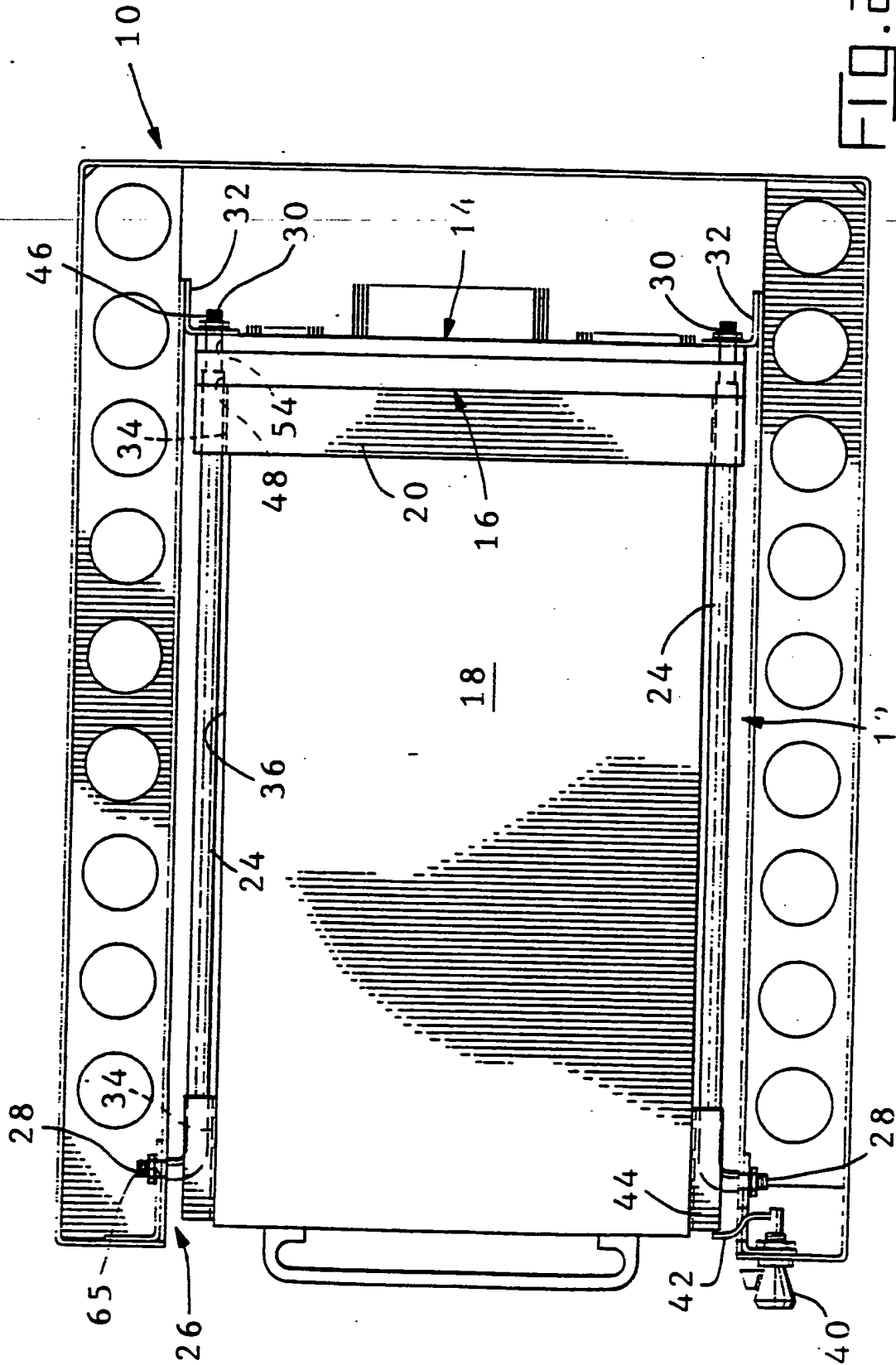


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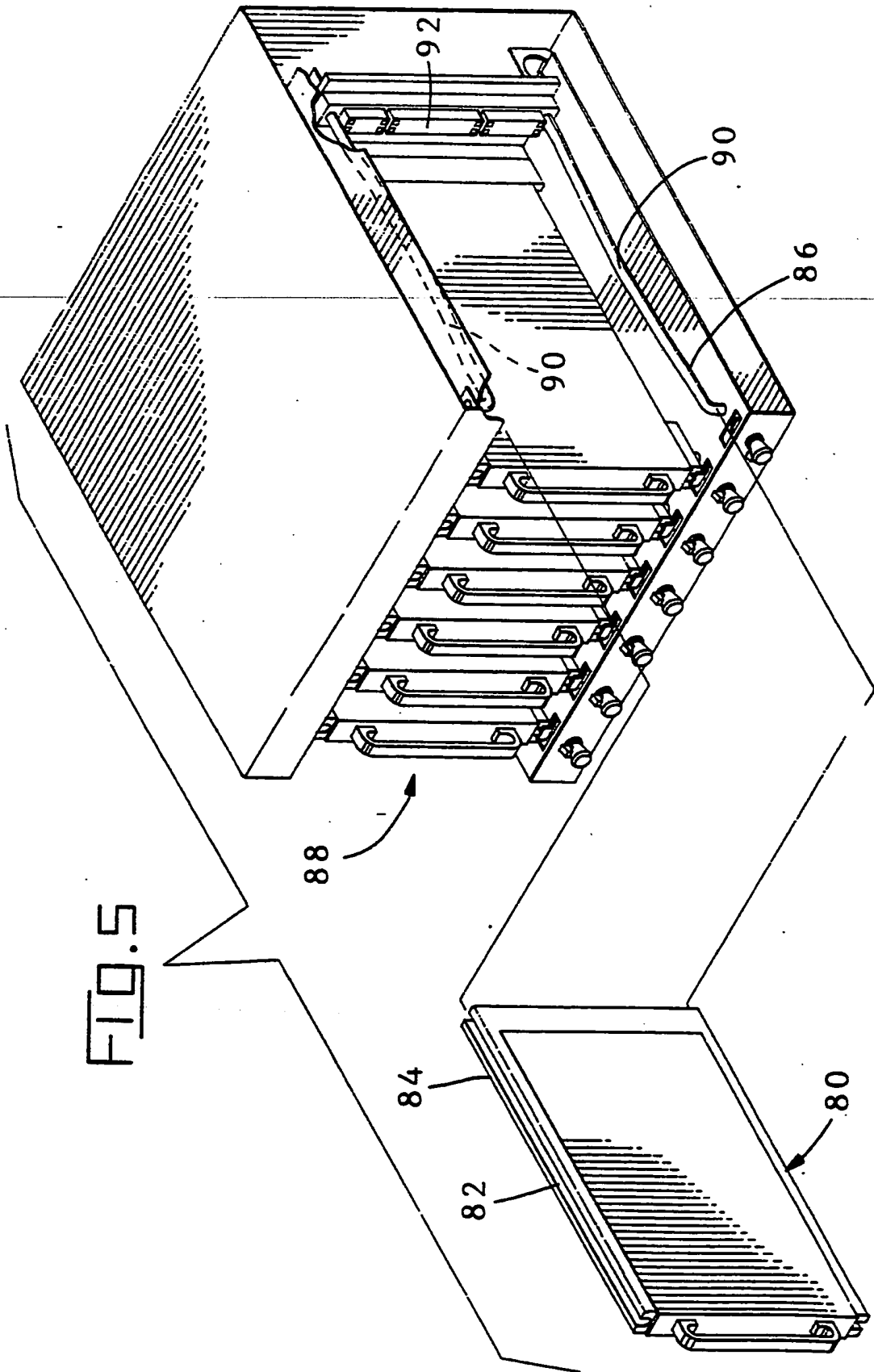
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FIG. 2



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ALIGNMENT SYSTEM FOR LINE REPLACEABLE MODULES

1       The present invention relates to the mating of  
electrical connectors and more particularly to aligning of  
connectors for proper mating.

Especially in the aircraft industry, it is becoming  
5 desirable that electronic control units, or "black boxes,"  
each comprise a housing containing essentially a single  
circuit panel or mother board to which are electrically  
connectable a plurality of line replaceable modules on one  
surface and shipboard electrical systems on the other.  
10 Each line replaceable module, or LRM, performs a control  
or sensing or recording function and comprises essentially  
one or more circuit cards or daughter boards loaded with  
various electrical and electronic components, mounted to a  
heat sink plate and protected and shielded by cover  
15 plates. The LRM is intended to be a durable, rugged  
assembly capable of being handled and repeatedly inserted  
into and removed from a black box for testing, repair,  
modification or replacement

The plurality of LRM's are closely spaced in a side  
20 by side array within the black box and along the mother  
board; and each LRM has a small dimension along the array  
to facilitate such close spacing. The daughter card or  
cards and all of the electrical and electronic components  
connected thereto necessary in the LRM are secured to a  
25 heat sink plate disposed essentially along a plane  
transverse to the array of LRM's and extending rearwardly  
from the LRM connector at the forward end of the LRM, so  
that the LRM is long rearwardly and is wide transverse to  
the array. The electrical connector mounted on the  
30 forward end thereof has a mating face exposed to mate with  
the mating face of a corresponding one of a plurality of  
electrical connectors secured on the mother board mounted  
within the black box in a closely spaced array for  
efficient use of the real estate of the mother board. The

1 black box must be provided with guiding means along  
opposing side walls extending from the LRM-receiving  
opening to each mother board connector, to guide the long  
and wide LRM into lateral and axial alignment with the  
5 respective mother board connector for proper aligned  
mating of the connectors.

In one particular design of black box the guide means  
for each LRM comprises a pair of opposed channels formed  
in and along surfaces of plate members mounted along the  
10 side walls of the black box, and the cover plates of each  
LRM form a flange along each of its opposed side edges to  
be disposed in the guide channels therefor. The LRM  
flange is dimensioned just thin enough to permit movement  
along the channel without permitting side to side  
15 movement, for vibration resistance. Due to practical  
considerations the mother board with its precisely located  
circuitry cannot be mounted in the black box in such a way  
that its connectors are precisely aligned with the  
channels associated therewith which are already formed in  
20 the plate members of the black box. Therefore, the  
channel locations are not particularly precisely located  
with respect to the mother board connectors; the LRM  
flanges are constrained to move therealong which results  
in the LRM also being not particularly precisely aligned  
25 with the respective mother board connector. As a result,  
for this particular black box design either the mother  
board connector or the LRM connector must be capable of  
incremental lateral movement during mating to provide  
precise alignment of their terminals prior to terminal  
30 engagement.

Rack and panel or drawer connectors are known wherein  
one of a mating pair includes integral alignment posts  
extending forwardly therefrom to enter corresponding  
apertures of the other, for connector self-aligning during  
35 mating. At least one of the mating connectors is float

1 mounted either on a panel or on framework or a panel at  
the leading end of the drawer by shoulder screws through  
enlarged diameter holes through connector flanges,  
enabling incremental lateral movement caused by bearing  
5 engagement of the alignment posts and apertures. Such a  
connector is the METRIMATE Drawer Connector (trademark of  
AMP Incorporated, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania); another is  
disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 4,647,130; and in both the  
connectors contain terminals terminated to discrete  
10 conductors. However, the float mounting means of the  
prior art drawer connectors is not particularly suitable  
for either the mother board connector or the LRM  
connector, which in turn means that the alignment post and  
aperture arrangement thereof also is not suitable for use  
15 with LRM's.

Mother board connectors in the black box must be  
fixedly mounted to the mother board to protect the  
terminations of those of its terminals which are soldered  
to circuit paths of the board, and the LRM connector must  
20 be secured well enough to and within the cover plates of  
the LRM to protect the terminations of those of its  
terminals which are soldered to circuit paths of daughter  
cards fixedly secured to heat sink plates within the LRM.  
Each mating pair of the plurality of electrical terminals  
25 of the connectors across their mating faces must be  
precisely aligned to establish respective electrical  
connections therebetween; the connectors may also have  
optical fiber connectors similarly requiring precise  
alignment for establishing optical connections. One type  
30 of high density connector which can be adapted for use in  
an LRM is disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 4,715,829.

The terminal housing means of the LRM connector may  
be recessed within a shroud at the forward end of the LRM  
and secured within the cover plates against axial movement  
35 but permitted incremental lateral movement within a



1 peripheral gap around the inside shroud surface. An  
alignment rib can extend forwardly from the LRM connector  
housing means to enter a corresponding aperture in the  
mother board connector, and upon bearing engagement urge  
5 the LRM connector housing means incrementally laterally to  
align therewith.

It is desired to provide a guide means which is  
particularly precisely located and aligned with respect to  
the particular mother board connector with which the  
10 connector of an LRM is to mate, whereby the LRM is itself  
particularly precisely aligned with the mother board  
connector, and the connector housing of the LRM need not  
move incrementally within the LRM to align with the mother  
board connector, permitting an LRM of simpler construction  
15 and assembly.

According to the present invention, the guide means  
for each LRM comprises a pair of opposed tracks or rails  
secured to the framework of the black box and extending  
from the LRM-receiving opening thereof to the respective  
20 mother board connector mounted on the mother board secured  
within the black box. The LRM includes channel portions  
along opposed sides thereof within which the tracks are  
disposed enabling the LRM to follow the tracks during  
insertion into the black box. The end of each track at  
25 the mother board connector extends through a hole through  
an end flange of the connector, through a hole of the  
mother board aligned with the flange hole, and through a  
larger hole or slot of the frame member of the black box.  
The hole through the connector flange is precisely located  
30 with respect to the terminals thereof and is precisely  
dimensioned to just allow the track end to be inserted  
therethrough without allowing the track to move laterally  
therein.

1       The track is assembled to the black box by its  
connector end being inserted through the connector flange  
hole which precisely locates the track with respect to the  
connector, only after which is the connector end secured  
5 to the frame such as by a nut threaded onto the portion of  
the track end extending through the frame member. The  
other end of the track is secured at the LRM-receiving  
opening to a frame member of the black box, and can  
comprise a portion extending at a right angle outwardly to  
10 a stop shoulder and therepast through a hole of the frame  
member to a threaded end portion onto which a nut is  
secured. The stop shoulder engaging the inwardly facing  
surface of the frame member positions the track  
appropriately into the central portion of the black box to  
15 center the LRM. The track being as long as the LRM, any  
incremental angle with respect to the mother board  
connector caused by the other track end being secured in a  
frame member hole which is not very precisely located with  
respect to the mother board connector, is insignificant in  
20 its effect on axial alignment of the LRM and the LRM  
connector with the mother board connector.

According to another aspect of the present invention,  
the track can be a tube made of a metal alloy selected for  
its high heat conductivity and for spring characteristics.  
25 The track can be formed with a slight inward arcuate  
configuration along its length, so that during insertion  
of an LRM therealong the pair of tracks are deflected  
outwardly by the bottoms of the respective LRM channels  
and remain deflected applying spring bias against the  
30 channel bottoms assuring substantial surface contact  
therewith and thereby assuring a good thermal connection.

The tubular tracks can be connected to a coolant  
system, and their tubular nature enables fluid to be  
pumped therethrough. This arrangement enables the tracks  
35 to participate in conducting heat away from the LRM during

1 in-service use, and also can hold the side of the LRM away  
from the black box framework to facilitate air flow  
therearound.

It is an objective of the present invention to  
5 provide a guide means for precisely aligning the LRM's  
with corresponding mother board connectors during  
insertion into a black box, thereby eliminating the  
necessity of the LRM connectors to move incrementally to  
self-align with the respective mother board connectors.

10 It is another objective to provide a guide means  
which participates in removing heat from the LRM.

Embodiments of the present invention will now be  
described with reference to the accompanying drawings in  
which:

15 FIGURE 1 is a perspective view of a black box having  
an array of LRM's therein, with one LRM removed therefrom  
showing the tracks of the present invention;

FIGURE 2 is an elevation view of an LRM secured in  
position in the black box, with the tracks secured to the  
20 frame and shown in the LRM channels in phantom; and

FIGURE 3 is an enlarged view of the connector end of  
a track exploded from the frame, the mother board, and the  
flange of the mother board connector, with a nut to be  
fastened on the end thereof upon assembly.

25 FIGURE 4 is an enlarged view of the forward track end  
fastened to the framework.

FIGURE 5 illustrates an alternate embodiment of the  
present invention with the tracks extending arcuately  
inwardly to engage continuous channel bottoms along the  
30 LRM under spring bias after LRM insertion.

Black box 10 includes a frame 12 to which is mounted  
mother board 14 having an array of mother board connectors  
16 mounted thereon side by side in a closely spaced array.  
A plurality of line replaceable modules or LRM's 18 are  
35 mounted in black box 10 likewise arranged in a closely  
spaced side by side array, with each LRM having an LRM

1 connector 20 secured on a forward end 22 thereof in mated  
engagement with a respective mother board connector 16.

A pair of track members 24 extend forwardly from ends  
of each mother board connector 16 to the LRM-receiving  
5 opening 26 of black box 10 and are fastened at first ends  
28 to frame 12 near opening 26 and at second ends 30 to a  
portion of frame 12 such as right angle members 32. Each  
LRM 18 includes channel portions 34 along sides 36 thereof  
at least at forward end 22 and at trailing end 38 along  
10 which tracks 24 are disposed enabling LRM 18 to be  
inserted into black box 10 therealong so that LRM  
connector 20 is laterally and axially aligned with  
corresponding mother board connector 16 upon full LRM  
insertion. A lock member 40 is then rotated into a  
15 position securing the LRM within the black box by means of  
a lock tab 42 being rotated behind an end portion 44 of  
LRM 18 as seen in Figure 2.

With particular reference to Figure 3, second end 30  
of each track 24 is threaded to receive a nut 46 thereon  
20 to be fastened securely to frame member 32. Prior to nut  
46 being placed thereon, second end 30 is inserted through  
hole 48 through flange 50 of metal shell 52 of mother  
board connector 16, through hole 54 of mother board 14,  
and through a large hole or slot 56 of frame member 32.  
25 Connector hole 48 is precisely located in connector flange  
50 to correspond with the locations of terminals 58 along  
mating face 60 of the mother board connector, and is  
precisely dimensioned with respect to the diameter of  
track 24 so that track 24 may be inserted therethrough but  
30 not permitted lateral movement therewithin. Connector  
hole 48 may be counterbored to include a stop shoulder 62  
cooperating with a stop shoulder 64 formed along second  
track end 30 at a precise distance from the right angle  
bend of first end 28, whereby when nut 46 is secured on  
35 end 30 the track firmly engages connector stop shoulder 62

1 and constitutes the primary mechanical means for holding  
mother board connector 16 to mother board 14. Prior to  
assembly of tracks 24, the mother board connectors are  
secured to mother board 14 by solder joints of their  
5 terminals 58 to board circuit paths or in through-holes of  
the board. Mother board hole 54 may be slightly larger  
than the portion of track end 30 extending therethrough  
and is aligned with connector hole 48. A slot 56 of frame  
member 32 is located at each connector location and  
10 extends in the direction of the array of mother board  
connectors, so that when mother board 14 is mounted to  
frame members 32 a portion of the slot is aligned with  
holes 48, 54 to receive the threaded portion of track end  
30 therethrough to be fastened with nut 46. In this  
15 embodiment tracks 24 when fastened provide the means for  
mounting the mother board connectors to the mother board,  
and further provide the means for mounting the mother  
board within the black box. It is easier to assemble the  
mother board with the array of connectors thereon, and the  
20 pairs of track members to the framework to comprise an  
assembly which is then placed into the outer cover of the  
black box and secured therein. Also it may be desirable  
for the black cover of the black box to be removable  
therefrom to enable access to the back surface of the  
25 mother board for repair thereof without first requiring  
removal of all LRM's and the framework from the black box  
to gain access to the mother board.

With particular reference to Figure 4, first track  
end 28 is inserted into hold 65 of frame 12 until stop  
30 shoulder 66 engages frame 12 after which nut 68 is  
fastened onto the threaded end portion. Stop shoulder 66  
is precisely located with respect to right angle bend 70  
so that when seated against frame 12 the main track  
portion is parallel to the opposing track and

1 perpendicular to mating face 60 of mother board connector  
16, so that LRM 18 is axially aligned with connector 16.

An alternate embodiment of the present invention is  
shown in Figure 5. LRM 80 includes continuous channels 82  
5 along side surfaces 84 thereof. Track members 86 mounted  
in black box 88 have a slight inwardly arcuate  
configuration 90 beginning just above mother board  
connector 92. Upon insertion of LRM 80 therealong the  
bottom surfaces of channels 82 engage inward  
10 configurations 90 and deflect them outwardly. After LRM  
80 is secured in black box 88, the spring characteristics  
of the deflected track portions provides continuous  
intimate contact with the bottom surfaces of channels 82  
substantially their entire length, which establishes a  
15 good thermal connection between tracks 86 and LRM 80.  
Thus tracks 86 facilitate the dissipation of heat from the  
LRM during in-service use. This benefit can be enhanced  
by forming tracks 86 from tubing and coupling the ends  
thereof to a fluid circulation system (not shown) to  
20 enable cooling of the LRM by a conventional refrigerating  
system. Aluminum tubing could be used, with aluminum  
having good heat conductivity characteristics and enough  
spring strength to be useful in this embodiment.

While it is preferred that tracks be formed of  
25 cylindrical rods or tubes, other cross-sectional  
configurations could be used such as a V-shape with LRM  
channels being V-grooves. Other fastening means could be  
used to secure tracks to the black box framework. Still  
other variations may be made to the embodiments shown  
30 without departing from the spirit of the invention or the  
scope of the claims.

CLAIMS:

- 1           1. A system for guiding a module           during  
insertion into an electronic control unit   enabling  
axial movement of the module           towards a respective  
portion of a remote panel           mounted in a framework  
5 of the control unit,           said movement being in precise  
lateral and axial alignment therewith, the module  
being of the type having an electrical connector   on  
its leading end           matable with a corresponding  
electrical connector           mounted to said panel portion,  
10           characterized in that:  
a pair of opposed elongate track members           each  
have a first end           and a second end           both said  
first           and second           ends are adapted to be fastened  
to the framework,           said first end           fastened to the  
15 framework           forwardly of the panel portion           and  
said second end           inserted through a locating aperture  
of the panel portion           and fastened to the  
framework portion           therebehind, said first ends  
being fastened so that said pair of track members  
20 extend in parallel forwardly from said panel portion  
and perpendicular thereto; and  
a module           has opposed side surfaces  
associated with said pair of track members           and  
extends from a leading end           to a trailing end           of  
25 said module,           each said side surface           including  
channel portions           therealong at least adjacent said  
leading end           and said trailing end           cooperating  
with a respective said track member,           whereby said  
module           is placeable between said track members  
30 with said track members           disposed in close engagement  
with bottom surfaces of said channels           and is movable  
along said pair of track members           toward the

1 respective panel portion and is laterally and axially  
aligned therewith upon being moved adjacent thereto.

2. A guide system as set forth in claim 1 further  
characterized in that said first end includes a  
5 portion extending outwardly from a right angle bend and  
further includes a stop shoulder engageable with a  
surface of the framework about an aperture  
through which the end portion of said first end  
extends to be fastened, whereby said track member is  
10 spaced a selected distance inwardly from the framework.

3. A guide system as set forth in claim 1 further  
characterized in that said second end includes a stop  
shoulder engageable with a forwardly facing stop  
15 shoulder associated with and peripherally around said  
locating aperture therethrough through which said  
second end extends to be fastened to the framework  
portion, whereby said track members hold the  
panel portion to the framework.

20 4. A guide system as set forth in claim 1 further  
characterized in that said panel is a printed circuit  
board having circuit means thereon and a first  
electrical connector is disposed precisely on the  
portion thereof with first electrical terminals  
25 connected to the circuit means of the board; and said  
module includes electrical components therewithin  
connected to second electrical terminals in a second  
electrical connector secured at a forward end of  
said module to be mated with said first electrical  
30 connector, said second electrical terminals being  
appropriately aligned with said first electrical terminals  
when said module is aligned by said pair of  
track members with the panel portion, enabling  
appropriate electrical engagement therebetween when said  
35 leading end of said module is moved adjacent



1 said first connector . mounted on said panel portion.

5. A guide system as set forth in claim 4 further  
characterized in that said first connector includes  
5 flanges extending over said locating apertures  
and including holes aligned with said locating  
apertures through which said track members  
extend prior to being fastened.

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6. A guide system as set forth in claim 4 wherein  
10 said track members are hollow tubes enabling fluid to  
be circulated therethrough to dissipate heat from said  
module during in-service use thereof in an electrical  
system.

7. A system for guiding a module during insertion  
15 into an electronic control unit substantially as described  
with reference to Figures 1 to 4 or 5 of the drawings.

Amendments to the claims have been filed as follows

- 1 1. A system for guiding a module during insertion  
into an electronic control unit enabling axial move-  
ment of the module towards a respective portion of a  
remote panel mounted in a framework of the control  
5 unit, said movement being in precise lateral and axial  
alignment therewith, the module being of the type  
having an electrical connector on its leading end  
matable with a corresponding electrical connector  
mounted to said panel portion to establish electrical  
10 connections between the respective electrical  
terminals thereof, the control unit including a pair  
of opposed elongate track members, each having a first  
end and a second end, adapted to be fastened to the  
framework, the first end being fastened to the  
15 framework forwardly of said panel portion and the  
second end being inserted through a locating aperture  
of the panel portion and being fastened to the  
framework portion therebehind, the first ends being  
fastened so that the pair of track members extend in  
20 parallel forwardly from the panel portion and  
perpendicular thereto, and the module having opposed  
side surfaces associated with the pair of track  
members and extending from a leading end to a trailing  
end of said module, each side surface including  
25 channel portions therealong at least adjacent the  
leading end and the trailing end cooperating with a  
respective track member, whereby the module is  
placeable between the track members with the track  
members disposed in close engagement with bottom  
30 surfaces of the channels and is movable along the pair  
of track members toward the panel portion and is

1 laterally and axially aligned therewith upon being  
moved adjacent thereto, said panel-mounted connector  
having flanges extending over the locating apertures  
and holes precisely positioned with respect to  
5 locations of the terminals therein, and said holes  
being aligned with the locating apertures through  
which the track members extend prior to being fastened  
to the framework portion thereby assuring that said  
second ends of the track members are disposed in a  
10 precise position with respect to the terminals of the  
panel-mounted connector, whereby the leading end of  
the module is aligned with the panel-mounted connector  
upon being moved adjacent thereto, and the module  
connector is precisely aligned with the panel-mounted  
15 connector at least immediately prior to mating  
enabling appropriate electrical engagement between the  
terminals thereof.

2. A system as claimed in claim 1, wherein said  
first end includes a portion extending outwardly from  
20 a right angle bend and a stop shoulder engageable with  
a surface of the framework about an aperture through  
which the end portion of said first end extends to be  
fastened, whereby the track member is spaced a  
selected distance inwardly from the framework.

25 3. A system as claimed in claim 1 or 2, wherein  
said second end includes a stop shoulder engageable  
with a forwardly facing stop shoulder associated with  
and peripherally around the locating aperture through  
which said second end extends to be fastened to the  
30 framework portion, whereby the track members hold the  
panel portion to the framework.

1 4. A system as claimed in claim 1, 2 or 3, wherein  
the track members are hollow tubes enabling fluid to  
be circulated therethrough to dissipate heat from the  
module during in-service use thereof in an electrical  
5 system.

5 5. A system as claimed in claim 1, 2, 3 or 4,  
wherein the panel is a printed circuit board including  
a plurality of circuit means thereon to which the  
terminals of the panel-mounted connector are  
10 electrically connected.

15 6. A system as claimed in any one of the preceding  
claims, wherein each of the pair of track members is  
slightly inwardly arcuate therealong and the track  
members are deflected outwardly by the bottoms of the  
channels of the module during insertion, and  
thereafter remain deflected and engage the channel  
bottoms under spring bias assuring substantial surface  
contact therewith and a good thermal connection  
therewith, facilitating heat dissipation from the  
20 module.

7. A system for guiding a module during insertion  
into an electronic control unit substantially as  
hereinbefore described with reference to Figures 1 to  
4 or Figure 5 of the accompanying drawings.

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